

SDS

1. Identification of Substance & Company



Company Details:

Hilti (New Zealand) Ltd Unit 1/B, 525 Great South Rd Penrose Auckland, 1061 PO Box 112- 030, Penrose Ph 09 526 7783 (between 7-30 AM and 6-30 PM) EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER 0800 623 000 (National Poisons Centre)

Product

Product name Other names Product code HSNO approval Approval description UN number Proper Shipping Name Packaging group Hazchem code Uses

Hilti CP 601S CP 601S Elastic firestop sealant CP 601S HSR002544 Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006 NA NA NA 1T (recommended) Silicone sealant

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002544, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006), and is classified as follows:

Classes

Hazard Statements

6.4A Causes eye irritation.

SYMBOLS WARNING

Other Classifications

There are no other Classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

Read label before use. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear eye/face protection.

Further precautionary statements can be found in Section 4 – First Aid.

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3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Class for ingredient(s)	Conc (%)
Siloxanes and Silicones	proprietary	non hazardous	25-50%
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	1185-55-3	3.1B, 6.3B, 6.4A	2-5%
Fillers	proprietary	6.4A	>50%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.

Recommended first aid facilities	Ready access to running water is recommended.	Accessible eyewash is recommended.
Exposure		

Swallowed	Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.
Eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.
Skin contact Inhaled	This product is non-irritating to skin. No further measures should be required. Generally, inhalation of fumes is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:	There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is classed as non- flammable.
Suitable extinguishing substances:	Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays, water jets.
Unsuitable extinguishing substances:	Unknown.
Products of combustion:	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.
Protective equipment: Hazchem code:	No special measures are required. 1T (recommended, HAZCHEM signage not required)

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment	There is no current legal requirement for secondary containment of this product. Prevent product from entering environment.
Emergency procedures	In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain spill. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses.
Clean-up method	Collect product and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.
Disposal	Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.
Precautions	Slippery when spilled. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapour. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

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7. Storage & Handling

Storage

Handling

Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep in a cool, dry place. Store between 5 and 25°C. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 10mg/m³ for dusts and mists when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
Exposure Stds	Calcium carbonate	10mg/m ³	no data
(2013)	Siloxanes and Silicones	no data	no data

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety in Employment Act 1992 (HSE). Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible.

Skin

Respiratory

Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves, e.g. nitrile rubber, NBR gloves. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling. A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	paste (various colours)
Odour	characteristic
рН	no data
Vapour pressure	23 mbar
Viscosity	no data
Boiling point	no data
Volatile materials	no data
Freezing / melting point	no data
Solubility	not soluble in water
Specific gravity / density	1.3 g/cm ³ at 20°C
Flash point	>100°C
Danger of explosion	not explosive
Auto-ignition temperature	not self-igniting
Upper & lower flammable limits	no data
Corrosiveness	non corrosive

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Stability Conditions to be avoided	Stable Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames.
Incompatible groups Substance Specific Incompatibility	None known None known
Hazardous decomposition products	Formaldehyde, methanol.
Hazardous reactions	None known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF IN EYES: may cause eye irritation.

Supporting Data

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Oral Dermal Inhaled Eye	This substance is not considered harmful if ingested. Estimated LD ₅₀ >5000mg/kg. No evidence of dermal toxicity. No evidence of inhalation toxicity. The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant. Silicones may be irritating to the eye at high concentration.
Skin	The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.
Sensitisation	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.
Mutagenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
Carcinogenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
Reproductive /	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or
Developmental	developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.
Systemic Aggravation of existing conditions	No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. None known.
	Oral Dermal Inhaled Eye Skin Sensitisation Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive / Developmental Systemic Aggravation of

12. Ecological Data

Summary

This substance is not expected to be ecotoxic.

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Supporting Data	
Aquatic	This mixture is not considered to be harmful towards aquatic organisms.
Bioaccumulation	No data
Degradability	No data
Soil	No evidence of soil toxicity.
Terrestrial vertebrate	This substance is not harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates.
Terrestrial invertebrate	No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.
Biocidal	no data
Environmental effect levels	No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients
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13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
Disposal method	Disposal of this product must comply with the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must
Contaminated packaging	be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment. Rinse containers with water before disposal. Preferably re-cycle container, otherwise send to landfill or similar.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

This mixture is not considered a hazardous substance for transport on land.			
UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	Hazchem code:	NA

IMDG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	EmS	NA

ΙΑΤΑ

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA		

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002544, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006.

Specific Workplace Controls (as per HSNO approval referenced to Controls Matrix)

To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing >50L.
No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.
Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health, Safety in Employment Act and Regulations, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

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16. Other Information

Abbreviations	
Approval Code	Approval HSR002544, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006
CAS Number	Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
Ceiling	Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical
j	agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.
Controls Matrix	List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16).
EC ₅₀	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test
FDMA	population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
ERMA EPA	Environmental Risk Management Authority (now EPA) Environmental Protection Agency (previously known as ERMA)
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency
	services, especially fire fighters
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LD ₅₀ LC ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population
	(usually rats)
MSDS (SDS)	Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)
OSH - DoL	The Occupational Safety and Health Service of the Department of Labour (NZ)
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or
	biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the
TWA	TWA is not exceeded Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day
IWA	(usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number
WES	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical
	agent to which a worker may be exposed.
References	
References	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information
Data	database (CCID) http://www.epa.govt.nz/hs/compliance/chemicals.html , for specific
	chemicals.
EPA Transfer Gazettes	Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated gazette, 2004)
Controls Matrix	Part of the EPA New Zealand User Guide to the HSNO Control Regulations
WES 2013	The NZ Workplace Exposure Standards Effective from 2013, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.
Other References:	Suppliers SDS
Review	
Date	Reason for review
May 2012	Not applicable – new SDS
November 2014	Update, review of classes for ingredients. Review of toxicological data, formatting. DoL to WorkSafe, including IATA and IMDG information.

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications, are based on our experience, EPA Guidelines and international classifications. This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: (09) 940 30 80.

